

# Grandstream Networks, Inc.

UCM6XXX Series How to Interconnect Multiple UCM6XXX series IP PBX





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### **OVERVIEW**

This document describes basic configuration to interconnect two UCM6XXX series. In this example, we will be using two UCM6202. The two locations that will be used as example are Boston, MA and Los Angeles, CA. The following methodology can be used for all UCM6XXX series. This is typically applied to the scenario where users would like to have UCM6XXX share trunks as well as call from one UCM6XXX extension to the other. Also, we need to make sure to separate extension ranges on each location.

Note: UCM6XXX series include UCM6200, UCM630xA, UCM630x and UCM6510 series.





### **CONNECTING TWO UCM6XXX USING PEER SIP TRUNK**

#### **Create Peer SIP trunk on UCM6XXX**

On the first UCM (Los Angeles UCM6XXX) web GUI, create a Peer SIP Trunk by navigating to **Extension/Trunk**→**VoIP Trunks** and click on "Create New SIP Trunk".

In the "Create New SIP Trunk" screen:

- Select "Peer SIP Trunk" for Type.
- Enter a reference name for Provider Name. This is mainly for reference. In this example BostonUCM is used.
- For Host Name enter the IP address or domain name of the second UCM (Boston UCM6XXX). In this case 192.168.6.250 is the IP address of Boston UCM.
- Click Save when done.

Create New SIP Trunk			Cancel	Save	
				î	•
If the host is not a numeric If the UCM will do a SRV record	P address, but the port number is present in the UR I lookup.	l, the UCM performs an A or AAAA record lookup of the domain name. If you set a domain withou	it port number,		
Туре:	Peer SIP Trunk v				
* Provider Name :	BostonUCM				
* Host Name:	192.168.5.250				
Transport:	UDP v				
Keep Original CID:					
Keep Trunk CID:					
NAT:					
Disable This Trunk:					
TEL URI:	Disabled v				
CallerID Number:					
CallerID Name :					
Auto Record :					
Direct Callback:					

#### Figure 1: SIP Trunk - Create New SIP Trunk

• After clicking save the new VoIP trunk will be displayed under Extension / Trunk -> VoIP Trunks.

Click the edit pen  $\square$ .





• Locate the option labeled Enable Heartbeat Detection and enable this option by clicking the check box. This is a SIP option that allows the first UCM to monitor the status of the second UCM:

Edit SIP Trunk: Bosto	nUCM					
Basic Settings Adva	nced Settings					
Codec Preference:	10 items	Available		6 items	Selected	
	Search	Q		Search	Q	
	G.722	^	>	PCMU	^	
	G.722.1	ľ	1	PCMA		
	G.722.1C			GSM		
	G.723		-	G.726		
	H.263	~	*	G.729	~	
Send PPI Header:						
Send PAI Header:						
Passthrough PAI Header	. 🔽					
Send PANI Header:						
Send Anonymous:						
DID Mode:	Request-line		~			
DTMF Mode:	Default		~			
Enable Heartbeat	<b>~</b>					
Detection:						

Figure 2: SIP Trunk - Set Enable Qualify

• Click Save when done.

Once the trunk has been created and **Enable Heartbeat Detection** is set, users can view the status of the peered trunk by navigating to **System Status**→**Dashboard** page.





Trunks		
O 2	<ul> <li>Available 0</li> <li>Busy</li> <li>Abnormal 2</li> <li>Unmoni</li> </ul>	0 0
BostonUCM		•
Test		•

Figure 3: SIP Trunk - Trunk Status

If the status of the trunk displays "Unreachable" it means that Los Angeles UCM and Boston UCM are unable to reach each other. Ensure physical connectivity of both devices. Also verify that from Los Angeles network Boston UCM is responding to ping and vice versa.

**Note:** The steps above will need to be performed on Boston UCM as well. When configuring Boston UCM, set the Peered SIP Trunk host name to Los Angeles UCM IP or domain.

#### **Configure Outbound Rule On UCM6XXX**

On the Los Angeles UCM6XXX web GUI, go to **Extension / Trunk** $\rightarrow$ **Outbound Routes** to create a new outbound rule. This would allow the extension on Los Angeles UCM to reach extensions on Boston UCM.

Here's what to configure:

- Calling Rule Name: This is for reference purposes so we chose to use "toBostonUCM".
- **Pattern:** the pattern used in this example was 1XX since Boston UCM is using an extension range of 100-199.
- **Privilege Level:** configured as "Internal". This can be changed to regulate which users can make outbound calls through this particular route.
- Use Trunk: Since we are configuring Los Angeles UCM, we will select SIP Peer Trunk BostonUCM.
- Click on Save and Apply changes.





General				
* Outbound Rule Name:	ToBostonUCM	Disable This Route:		
* Pattern :	_1xx	Privilege Level:	Disable ~	
			Warning: Setting privilege level at "Disabled" will lead to this rule being usable only by a matched Source Caller ID.	
PIN Groups:	None v	PIN Groups with Privilege		
		Level:		
Password:		Auto Record:		
Local Country Code:				
Enable Filter on Source Ca	aller ID			
Enable Filter on Source		Outbound Route CID :		
Caller ID:				
Call Duration Limit				
Call Duration Limit:				
Main Trunk				
* Trunk:	SIPTrunks BostonUCM v			
Strip:				

Figure 4: Outbound Rule - Create New Outbound Rule

In this example, "\_1XX" means that when a user on Los Angeles UCM dials a 3-digit number that has a leading "1" it will use this route and send the call out to Boston UCM.

**Note:** These steps will be also applied when configuring the outbound route from Boston UCM to Los Angeles UCM. The only difference in the configuration is the Pattern and the Use Trunk. Since the Los Angeles UCM has an extension range of 200-299, then the Boston UCM would configure the outbound route Pattern as "\_2XX".

#### **Configure Inbound Rule On UCM6XXX**

To configure the Inbound Rule, navigate to the web GUI; go to **Extension / Trunk→Inbound Routes** to create a new inbound rule. For this example, Los Angeles UCM inbound rule needs be configured so that when Boston UCM dials a Los Angeles UCM extension it will be routed to the specified user. On Los Angeles UCM configure the following:

- Trunks: Select the BostonUCM trunk.
- **DID Pattern:** Enter in the pattern "\_2XX".
- **Privilege Level:** Internal.





• **Default Destination:** By DID.

'Trunks:	SIPTrunks BostonUCM v		Inbound Route Name:	
Pattern:	_2xx		CallerID Pattern:	
		11.		1.
Disable This Route :			Seamless Transfer	
			Whitelist:	
Alert-info:	None ~		Ringback Tone:	None v
Fax Detection :			Auto Record:	
Block Collect Calls:			Prepend Trunk Name:	
Set CallerID Info:			Enable Route-Level	
			Inbound Mode:	
Dial Trunk:			Allowed DID Destination:	Extension ×
Inbound Multiple Mode:				
Default Mode Mode	1			
Default Destination:	By DID ~			
Strip:	0			
Prepend:		1		

Figure 5: Inbound Rule - Create New Inbound Rule

With this inbound rule configured, if a user from Boston dials an extension anywhere between 200-299, it will send it over to Los Angeles UCM, then Los Angeles UCM will use the inbound rule above to determine where to route the call. In this case, the default destination is set to "By DID", which will route the call based on the digits dialed by Boston user.

These steps will also be used to create an inbound rule on Boston UCM so that when a Los Angeles user dials a number that ranges from 100-199(Boston extensions range), it will be routed to a Boston user.

Here's what to configure on Boston UCM Inbound Rule:

- Trunks: Select the LosAngelesUCM.
- **DID Pattern:** Enter in the pattern "\_1XX".
- Privilege Level: Internal.
- **Default Destination:** By DID.

